conventions, was found lurking behind the When the roll of delegates was called old convention newspaper men marveled to hear Allen W. Thurman, a son of the "Old Roman," cast his vote for McLean, who during the life of his father had who during the life of his father had been one of his bitter opponents. The call showed forty of Ohio's votes for McLean, two for Bland, one for Bryan, two for Pattison. There was one absentee. Under the unit rule the forty-six votes of the state were counted for McLean.

Oregon cast her eight votes for Pennoyer; Pennsylvania her sixty-four votes for Pattison, amid the cheers of the galleries; South Carolina seventeen of her votes for Senator Tillman, while the crowds hissed. Senator Tillman, while the crowds hissed.

A Row Over Wisconsin. A big row occurred when Wisconsin was called. Gen. Bragg announced that he was instructed by the majority of the Wisconsin delegation to cast no vote. One of the silver delegates challenged this and insisted on a call of the roll of the state. The result was that nineteen delegates refused to vote. One voted for Blackburn, and four for Bland.

Senator-elect Money of Mississippi made the point of order that instructions to a delegation to vote as a unit could not stifle the will of any who desired to vote. Gen. Bragg climbed on one of the chairs of the Ohio delegation to protest, but the maddened buckeyes ordered him down. New York and Vermont offered him a chair in their delegations. Gen. Bragg made his statement as to the instructions of the Wisconsin delegation, and was re-plied to from the platform by Delegate Dockery, one of the silver hotspurs from Wisconsin. He aroused great enthusiasm by declaring that if Wisconsin's will was stifled here it would be heard for silver in

The silver-tongued Tammany orator, ex-Senator Grady, made a flery protest against a ruling which he contended would practically abregate the unit rule. The delegates grew still as Senator White, the chairman, finally ruled that unit rule instructions did not contemplate the refusal of delegations to vote. He ruled that all silent votes should be considered absentees. but that every delegate present who de-sired had a right to have their votes regis-

This ruling was loudly cheered, as it the two-thirds required to nominate within the meaning of the rule were two-thirds of the votes cast according to the precedent of 1846

The name of Henry M. Teller was for the first time spoken as a possible presi-dential nominee in the convention, when on the call of states passed, Colorado's eight votes were recorded for the former blican, and were received with mingled cheers and hisses. Eleven of the Massachusetts delegates voted—three for Pattison; four, Stevenson; two, Bland; one, Hill; one, Bryan.

The First Ballot.

The clerk consumed several minutes in compiling the results of the first ballot, during which the crowd buzzed excitedly. Senator White's voice has been falling him and Richardson of Tennessee again took the gavel during this intermission. The result was announced by the reading clerk as follows: Bland, 223; Bryan, 105; Boies, 86; Matthews, 27; McLean, 54; Pattison, 95; Pennoyer, 10; Blackburn, 83; Campbell, 29; Tillman, 17; Russell, 2; Stevenson, 2; Hill, 1; Teller, 8; absent and not

The request of the chairman that partisans refrain from cheering during the an-nouncement was complled with, and, strangely enough, there was no demonstration at the close. Delegates were too deeply interested in business and spectators too intent upon the figures to interpt business. 'Cold-water' Marsden was on his chair, shouting a motion that the two-thirds rule be abrogated, but he got no attention.

The Second Ballot. The second roll call was begun, and fur-

nished a sensation at the outset, for Alabama shifted her 22 votes from the Bland camp to Bryan, and the young Nebraskan's friends waved their handkerchiefs. Bryan gained three in the California del-

egation on a poll. Colorado's votes for Teller were again hissed and cheered. Vice President Stevenson cap Bland's votes in Florida. Stevenson captured one Bland's votes in Florida. Three Maine men who declined to vote asked a call of the state roll, but the chair refused. One Massachusetts man who had refrained from voting on the first call came in for Matthews. Under the unit rule Michigan's 28 went for Bryan. Bland gained 2 in Montana and McLean 3 in Nevade Two New Jersey men who had abstained on the first ballot came to Pattison.

Silence followed the call of New York.
South Carolina gave up her Senator and
brought her votes into Bryan's column amid
much enthusiasm, Tillman speaking of Bryan as the emancipator of the white Virginia abandoned Blackburn turn her twenty-four votes to Bland. Wyoming changed her six votes from Blackburn to Bryan. John McLean lost four in the District of Columbia, and Bryan captured three of them.

The name of Minnesota on the second call brought a stentorian shout from Dan'l Lawler: "Minnesota on this and every other ballot, present and not voting."
The turning of the tide toward Bryan of Nebraska was alarming the managers of wheel horses, so that these gentlemen skirmished about earnestly among their followers and invaded allen camps, while

the band discoursed a solemn air to give the clerk another opportunity to practice In the meantime many voices from the

galleries called "Hurrah for Bryan," and one shouter calling, "What is the matter with Bryan," being answered by many voices, "He's all right." roices, "He's all right."
Then the chairman of the California

delegation announced that under instruc-tions he desired to announce a change in the vote of California. Fourteen of the were for Bryan, a change of ten, the lesers being Blackburn and Matthews, and thereupon the calls of Bryan were renewed. result was then announced as follows Bland, 281; Boles, 37; Matthews, 34 McLean, 53; Bryan, 197; Blackburn, 41; Pattison, 100; Russell, —; Pennoyer, 8; Stevenson, 10; Hill, 1; Teller, 8. Absent or not

Two-Thirds Rule.

Before the third ballot was taken Marston of Louisiana took the platform to move the abrogation of the two-third rule. A storm of hisses greets his motion. Senator Jones makes the point of order that the motion of Marsden must go to the committee on resolutions. Marsden persists in his attempt to talk, but is compelled to withdraw from the plat-form. Third ballot beging.

THE FIRST BALLOT.

No Candidate Nomination on the Roll Call of States. 11:06 a.m.-Gen. Mill of Oregon presents Pennoyer of Oregon. The roll call ordered. Alabama-Boies, 22. Arkansas-Bland, 16.

California-Matthews, 2; Boles, 2; Campbell 1; Bryan, 2; absent, 3. Colorado-Passed. Connecticut-Russell, 2; not voting, 10.

Delaware-Pattison, 3; Bryan, 1; 2 not Florida-Bland, 2; Bryan, 1; Boles, 1; Pattison, 1: Blackburn, 1; Matthews, 9

Georgia-Bryan, 26. Idaho-Bland, 6. Illinois-Bland, 48. Indiana-Matthews, 30. Iowa-Boies, 26.

Kentucky-Blackburn, 26. Kansas-Bland, 20. Louisiana-Bryan, 16. Maine-Pattison, 5; Bland, 2; Bryan, 2; not voting, 3.

Maryland-Pattison, 11; Bryan, 4; not voting. 1. Massachusetts-Passed.

Michigan being polled. Michigan does not vote under the unit rule, as there is no majority for any one man. Bryan, 9; Boies, 4; Bland, 5; not voting, 10. There is a row in Michigan. Delegation

challenge the right of McKnight to vote. Minnesota-Boies, 4; Bryan, 2; Blackburn, 1; Towsen A. Pattison, 2; not voting, 8. Mississippi-Bryan, 18.

Missouri-Bland, 34. Montana-Bland, 4; Blackburn, 2. Nebraska-Bryan, 16. Nevada-McLean, 3; Matthews, 3. New Hampshire-Pattison, 1; not voting,7. New Jersey-Declines to vote. Cheers and hisses. New York-Declines to vote. Cheers greet New York's action. Hisses follow the cheering.

North Carolina-Bryan, 22

North Dakota-Boies, 6. Ohio-McLean, 46. Ohio's poll gave McLean, 40; Bland, 1; Pattison, 2; absent, 2; Bryan, 1. The unit rule gives 46 to McLean. Oregon-Pennoyer, 8. Pennsylvania-Pattison,

Rhode Island-Pattison, 6; not voting, 2

Several of Tennessee's votes were cast

for Bryan, but, under the unit rule, her

There is a row in the Wisconsin delega-

tion, which resulted in a roll call of the

Gen. Bragg ancounces "We decline to

"The unit rule does not exist," and de-

General Bragg says, under their instruc-

tions, the majority has absolute power in

There was a big row over the Wisconsin

Ohio joins in the debate. Chairman

White makes an angry protest against in-

Chairman White rules that Wisconsin's

Wisconsin-Blackburn, 1; Bryan, 4; not

District of Columbia-McLean, 5; Boies,

Colorado-Teller, 8. Hisses and cheers.

California-Add two votes to Bryan and

Michigan-Add 1 to Bryan and deduct 1

Totals.

(Unofficial and uncorrected.)

Second Ballot.

California-Bland, 2; Boies, 1; Matthews,

Connecticut-Pattison, 2; not voting, 10.

Delaware-Bryan, 16; Pattison, 3; not vot-

Florida-Bryan, 2; Boies, 1; Bland, 1;

Maryland-Bryan, 4; Pattison, 11; not

Maine-Pattison, 5; Bland, 2; Bryan, 2:

Massachusetts-Stevenson, 5; Pattison, 3;

Bland, 2; Hill, 1; Bryan, 1; not voting, 17.

New Hampshire-Pattison, 1; not vot-

New Jersey-Pattison, 2; not voting, 18.

Rhode Island-Pattison, 6; not voting, 2.

South Dakota-Bryan, 7: Pattison, 1.

Vermont-Bryan, 4; not voting, 4.

Washington-Bryan, 1; Bland, 7,

Wisconsin-Bryan, 4; Blackburn, 1; not

District of Columbia-Bryan, 3; Bland, 1;

Totals-Second Ballot.

(Official.)

Third Ballot.

The third ballot was officially announced

California-Bryan, 13; Bland, 2; Black-

Connecticut-Pattison, 2; not voting, 10.

Delaware-Bryan, 1; Pattison, 8; not vot-

Massachusetts-Stevenson, 5; Pattison, 3;

Bland, 2; Bryan, 1; Hill, 1; not voting and

Maine-Pattison, 5, Bland, 2; Bryan, 2;

Minnesota-Bland, 1; Stevenson, 2; Bryan,

New Hampshire-Pattison, 1; not voting,

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Maryland-Bryan, 5; Pattison, 10;

West Virginia-Blackburn, 12.

Matthews, 2; Stevenson, 1; Pattison, 1.

2; Bryan, 7; Blackburn, 5; McLean, 1.

vote. Dockery claims the right to vote.

Vermont-Not voting, 4; Bryan, 4.

Washington-Bryan, 1; Bland, 7.

West Virginia-Blackburn, 12.

Wisconsin-Declines to vote.

South Carolina, Tillman, 17.

twenty-four votes go to Bland.

Tennessee-Bland, 24.

Texas-Bland, 30.

Utah-Bland, 6.

Tennessee's challenged.

Virginia-Blackburn, 24.

Delegate Hogan says:

mands his right to vote.

voting. 1.

state.

the matter.

voting, 19.

delegates can vote.

Arizona-Bland, 6.

Alaska-Bland, 6.

omit absentees.

from absentees.

Bland, 233.

Bryan, 132.

McLean, 54.

Pattison, 92.

Tillman, 17.

Stevenson, 10

Pennoyer, &

Campbell, 1.

Alabama-Bland, 22.

Arkansas Bland, 16.

Colorado-Teller, 8.

Georgia-Bryan, 26.

Idaho-Bland, 6.

Iowa-Boies, 26.

voting, 1.

not voting, 3.

Illinois-Bland, 48.

Kansas-Bland, 20.

Indiana-Matthews, 30.

Kentucky-Blackburn, 26.

Louisiana-Bryan, 16,

Michigan-Bryan, 2

Minnesota-Passed.

Montana-Bland, 6.

Mississippi-Bryan, 18.

Missouri-Bland, 34.

Nevada-McLean, 6.

New York-Passed.

Ohio-McLean, 46.

Texas-Bland, 30.

Utah-Bland, 6.

voting, 19.

Bland, 281.

Bryan, 197.

Pattison, 100.

Blackburn, 41.

Matthews, 34.

Stevenson, 10.

Pennoyer, 8.

McLean, 53.

Boies, 37.

Teller, 8.

Hill, 1.

s follows:

ng. 2.

Tennessee-Passed.

Virginia-Bland, 24.

Wyoming-Bryan, 6.

New Mexico-Bland, 6.

Indian territory-Bland, 6.

Absent and not voting, 160.

ourn, 1; Boles, 1; Matthews, 1.

Florida-Matthews, 3; Bryan, 5.

Alabama-Bland, 22.

Arkansas-Bland, 16.

Colorado-Bryan, &

Georgia-Bryan, 26.

Illinois-Bland, 48. Idaho-Bland, 6.

Kansas-Bland, 20.

Indiana-Matthews, 30.

Louisiana-Bryan, 16.

Mississippi-Bryan, 18.

Michigan-Bryan, 28.

Montana-Bland, 6.

Missouri-Bland, 34.

Kentucky-Blackburn, 26.

Iowa-Boics, 26.

bsent. 18.

oting. 1.

ot voting, 3.

e; not voting, 6.

26 pages.

Alaska-Bland, 6.

Arizona-Bland, 6.

McLean, 1; Boles, 1.

Oklahoma-Bland, 6.

Oregon-Pennoyer, 8.

Nebraska-Bryan, 16.

North Carolina-Bryan, 22.

North Dakota-Boies, 6.

Pennsylvania-Pattison, 64

South Carolina-Bryan, 18.

Teller, 8.

Eg. 2.

Russell, 2.

Blackburn, 83.

Matthews, 37,

Boles, 66.

Oklahoma-Bland. 6.

Wyoming-Blackburn, 6.

Indian Territory-Bland, 6.

North Caroline, Bryan, 22. North Daketa-Bryan, 6. New York Silent. Declines to respond. New Jersey-Pattison, 2; not voting, 18. Ohlo-McLean, 48 Oregon-Bryan, 5; Bland, 2; McLean, 1. South Dakota-Bryan, 6; Patterson, 1; not Permsylvania—Pattison, 64.

Rhode Island—Pattison, 6; not voting, 2. South Carolina-Bryan, 18. South Dakota-Bryan, 7; Pattison, 1. Texas-Bland, 30. Tennessee-Bland, 24. Utah-Bland, 6. Vermont-Bryan, 4; not voting, 4. Virginia-Bland, 24.

Nevada-McLean, 6.

Nebraska-Bryan, 16.

Washington-Bryan, 1; Bland, 7. Wisconsin-Bryan, 3; Bland, 2; not votirg. 19. West Virginia Stevenson, 2; Boies, 2; Bryan, 1; Bland, 7. Wyoming-Bryan, 6. Arizona-Bland, 6 Alaska-Bland, C. New Mexico-Bland, 6.

Indian territory-Bland, 6.

Oklahoma-Bland, 6.

District of Columbia-Bryan, 4; Boles, 1; IcLean, 1. Third Ballot-Totals. (Official vote.)

Bryan, 219. Not voting, 162. Pattison, 97. Boles, 36. McLean, 54. Matthews, 34. Blackburn, 27. Stevenson, 9. Hill. 1.

Fourth Ballot. Fourth ballot was ordered. Alabama-Bryan, 22. Arkansas-Bland. 16. Colorado-Bryan, 8. California-Pryan,12; Matthews, 2; Boles, 1; Bland, 2; Blackburn, 1. Connecticut-Pattison, 2; not voting, 10. Delaware-Pattison, 3; Bryan, 1; not

roting, 2. Florida-Boies, 5; Matthews, 3. Georgia-Bryan, 26. Indiana-Matthews, 30. Idaho-Bryan, 6. Iowa-Boies, 26. Illinois-Bland, 48. Kansas-Bryan, 20. Kentucky-Blackburn, 26. Louisiana-Bryan, 16. Maryland-Bryan, 5; Pattison, 10; not voting, 1. Maine-Pattison, 5; Bland, 2; Bryan, 2;

not voting, 3. Mississippi-Bryan, 18. Minnesota-Bryan, 10; Bland, 1; Stevenson, 2; not voting, 5. Missouri-Bland, 34. Montana-Bland, 6. Massachusetts-Stevenson, 5; Pattison, 2;

Hill, 1; Bryan, 1; Bland, 2; not voting, 18. Michigan-Bryan, 28. Nevada-Bryan, 6. Nebraska-Bryan, 16. New Jersey-Pattison, 2; not voting, 18. New York-Does not respond.

New Hampshire-Pattison, 1; not voting, North Carolina-Bryan, 22. North Dakota-Boies, 6. Ohio-McLean, 46. Oregon-Bryan, 8. Pennsylvania-Pattison, 64. Rhode Island-Pattison, 6; not voting, 2. South Carolina-Bryan, 18. South Dakota-Bryan, 7; Pattison, 1. Tennessee-Bland, 24. Texas-Bland, 30. Utah-Bland, 6. Vermont-Bryan, 4; not voting, 4. Virginia-Bland, 24.

West Virginia-Bryan, 1; Stevenson, 1; land, 10. Washington-Bryan, 2; Bland, 6. Wisconsin-Bryan, 5; not voting, 19. Wyoming-Bryan, 3. Alaska-Bland, 6. New Mexico-Bland, 6. Arizona-Bland, 6.

District of Columbia-Bryan, 5; McLean, Indian Territory-Bland, 6. Oklahoma-Bland, 6.

Fourth Ballot-Totals. (Unofficial and uncorrected-4th ballot.) Bryan, 275, gain of 56. Bland, 242; loss of 49. Pattison 96 McLean, 47. Boies, 38. Matthews, 35 Blackburn, 27. Stevenson, 8.

CANNOT TELL THE PROGRAM. Representative Richardson Discusses

the Outlook. special From a Staff Correspond CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, July 10.-Congressman Richardson of Tennessee, who made such an able presiding officer yesterday, says: "I cannot tell exactly what will be done, because there is no program mapped out."

Presidential Appointments. The mail received at the White House this norning from Gray Gables showed that the President had made the following appoint-

ments: William M. Jordan, assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service; James A. Nydecker, passed assistant surgeon in the same service; Henry Ballentine of New York, United States consul at Alexandretta, Syria.

Naval Movements. The U. S. S. Alliance left Newport, R. I., this morning for Southampton; the Detroit has sailed from Yokohama for Chemulpo; the Cincinnati has sailed from New Haven for Gardiner's Bay; the Amphitrite has sailed from Norfolk for Tolchester, Md.; the Marblehead has arrived at Trieste.

Both Been Dismissed.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Woodbridge, formerly Miss Annie Lockhart, clerks in the Treasury Department, who eloped last week have both been dismissed the government service, not because they got married, but because in order to do so they absented themselves without permission.

National Music Teachers' Association DENVER, Col., July 10.-The Music Teachers' National Association, whose annual convention is being held in this city, has elected the following officers: President, H. W. Greene, New York; secretary, H. S. Perkins, Chicago; treasurer, F. A. Parker, Madison, Wis.; executive committee—R. Huntington Woodman, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Frank Herbert Tubbs, New York; Louis Arthur Russell, Newark, N. J.; program committee—Harry Rowe Shelley, Gerritt Smith and John Cornelius Gregg, all of New York city. The next convention will be held in New York in July, 1897.

Elks' Grand Lodge.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 10 .- The Grand Lodge of the Benevolent, Protective Order of Elks has adjourned to meet at Minn apolis in July, 1897. The old ritual was adonted in preference to the new one. The Grand Lodge restored Past Exalted Grand Grand Lodge restored Past Exalted Grand Ruler A. Apperly of Louisville, and did not restore Past Grand Secretary Allen O. Myers of Cincinnati. A special meeting of the Cincinnati lodge has been called for tonight to consider the resolution to expel Myers from his local lodge, and many visitors remained for that meeting.

Estate of Lucius Fairchild. MADISON, Wis., July 10.-The will of the late Lucius Fairchild, dated February 24 1894, has been probated. It is brief, and leaves all his estate to his wife, Frances B. Fairchild, appointing her sole executrix. The value of the estate is believed to be about \$150,000.

GOLD MEN TO BOLT

New Yorkers Will Not Support the Ticket. HILL WAS NOT IN THE CONVENTION Movement for an Independent

TALK AMONG DELEGATES

Ticket.

CHICAGO, July 10 .- When Lieut. Gov. Sheehan arrived at the convention hall today he was greatly surprised at the news of Senator Hill's absence. "A nice position we are put in," he said. "There should be a committee sent down to him at once. He should not refuse to some unless he is seriously ill and then he should send his excuses. We have begun to fight on a cer tain line and should keep it up." Several members went down town again to see Mr. Hill, and in the meantime the

New York delegation sat disgruntled and without a leader.

"Hill was to be our leader, and he is not here to lead," said Mr. Bartlett excitedly. "If Hill leaves, we all leave," added Mr. Nicoll, joining Governor Flower in a conference as to what should be done. Mr. Hinkley had just come from Mr. Hill, and after whispering to the delegates angles guardedly for publication. "Mr. specke guardedly for publication. "Mr.
Hill is very tired," he said. "It has been
a severe strain on him in the convention
on resolutions and on the floor. He is
not sick, but he has concluded to remain away from the hall."
When Mr. Hinkley was asked if this could

be taken for the Senator's withdrawal from the convention, he paused and said he could add nothing further.

Mr. Bartlett said: "Whatever we do, I shall never support the platform or the ticket, as they seek to commit the demo-

ticket, as they seek to commit the demo-cratic party to anarchy. I cannot say whether there will be an independent ticket put in the field."

It soon developed that Gen. Charles Tracy of the Albany district had quit the con-vention and would leave for home.

He said: "I do not think more than twenty-two out of the seventy-two New York delevater will support the democratic York delegates will support the democratic platform and ticket. There are only three or four Tammany delegates and two or three from the interior who are for it. I do not believe in acquiescing even to the extent of sitting silently in the convention, so I withdraw and go home. My alternate is not here, and I will give no proxy, so that my vote is withdrawn entirely."

The sentiment was confined to the New York delegation, and it soon became evident that a movement was crystalizing for an independent ticket. The feeling for this move was freely voiced in the leading eastern delegation.

Mr. O'Sullivan of the Massachusetts delegation said with reference to be stated.

Mr. O'Sullivan of the Massachusetts delegation said with reference to his statement during the first roll call in regard to the absence of the chairman and vice chairman of the delegation from that state that he did not know what their actual plans were, but that there were signs of disintegration of the Massachusetts gold forces, and that he was anxious to have the record made before they could return. The delegation decided last night to cast 27 votes for Pattison.

The sentiment for an independent ticket is manifest in the New Hampshire delegation. Delegate Doyle stated that he found himself alone in combatting the move for

himself alone in combatting the move for independent action. One-half of the New Hampshire delegates, he said, had announce ed their purpose not to support the ticket

ed their purpose not to support the ticket and were urging that steps be taken for independent action.

In the middle east New Jersey and Dela-ware showed the same feeling. Senator Winton of the New Jersey delegation said: "The populists have made the platform and will name the ticket; now they must elect it. No democrat can support the tick-"The sentiment in the delegation indicates that the same silent non-participation will occur as when Horace Greeley was nominated, and 12,000 New Jersey democrats stayed away from the polls. Local county

and city tickets will be voted on and the national ticket let alone.

The Deliware delegation is divided, but with the exception of one silver delegate the current is strongly for an independent

No Connecticut Caucus. The Connecticut men have had no caucus upon the situation, but the consensus

of opinion is the delegation will play a passive part hereafter and hold aloof from voting. A canvass of the delegates elicited no other sentiment. The democracy of Connecticut Instructed

its representatives to vote against a plat-form embodying the free coinage of silver. Since the majority of this convention has committed the party to a new creed embracing all the doctrines of the populists, and abandoned the historic democratic principles, I do not see how we can give the appearance of acquiescing in this rev-olution by taking any part in the voting for candidates on such a platform."

Thus far no concerted plan of action on an independent ticket has developed. Sen-

ator Gray of Delaware is head of the committee appointed some days ago, with perresentatives of one from each gold state to ascertain the sentiment of their people on their return home on the advisability of heading a separate convention and naming a new ticket and platform.

This committee has been ordered not to report before the populist convention at St. Louis, the understanding being that if an independent convention is called, it will be designated as the real democratic convention, while this one and that about to be held at St. Louis will be classed together as populist conventions.

Angry at Pattison.

Gen. Bragg of Wisconsin, who declared last night that Wisconsin would be fighting for another candidate under a different banner this fall, declined to say anything further today. The gold standard delegates are much in-

censed at Governor Pattison's declaration that he will support the ticket chosen at Chicago. National Chairman Harrity de clined to express any opinion further than to say that he believed the utterances of Governor Pattison would bring down upon his head the condemnation of the gold standard papers of the whole country.

Senator Gray, chairman of the committee which is to report on the sentiment for in-

dependent action, says the silence of many delegations on the balloting and the ex-pressions of the eastern press and public shows plainly what the drift of sentiment is. He will not express his personal views as to independent action, and says that thus far no definite program has been pro-

Two of the Maryland delegates are re-fraining from taking part in the balloting, and are expected to join any movement to-ward independent action.

Saved the Boers. Beal's column arrived at Engeldoorn, 105

miles from here and found 250 Boers in a lasger, with sixty-four men, sixty-eight women, 110 children, and forty-five rifles among them. They had been besieged and cut off from the outside world for months. They recently railied from the laager, burned three kraals and killed 100 insurg-

All About Washington.

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about Washington is contained in The Evening Star Almanac. A ready and useful reference book of over 400 closely printed pages. For sale at The Evening Star office, 11th street and Pennsylvania avenue and at news stands, or mailed for 25 cents. Every Endeavorer should should have one.

BEFORE THE BALLOTING.

Talk Among the Delegates Before Bolt Was Called. CHICAGO, July 10.-The decks were which began when the democratic national convention reassembled at 10 o'clock today. The struggle opened with the delegates wrought to an intense pitch over the sensetional developments of yesterday, when the Bryan wave swept through the convention and threatened for a time to stampede it then and there. It disturbed all calculations and has thrown the ranks of other candidates into confusion.

The day opened with a continuance of that deliciously cool weather which has attended the convention from the start. The wind came off the prairies toward the lake, yet it was as balmy as that of early spring or late fall. There was a hase in the air like that of Indian summer. Light, fleecy clouds kept off the siare of the sun from the great crowds which were early on the march toward the convention hall. The sensation of yesterday and last night had been contagious both within and without the convention half, and the public at

large was eager to see its expected development when the convention opened today. Chairman White and other executive efficers conferred early in the day as to the desirability of closing the doors against the unruly crowd, in case of the repetition of the disorder and discourtesy of last night when Senator Turple, Senator Vest and others who made nominating speeches battled in vain against the confused murmur of hurrahs and cat calls.

While there was no disposition to check the expression of exuberant feeling at proper moments, yet there was a determination not to permit it to take absolute control of the convention and prevent the transaction of business. The rush at the doors was greater than it had been at any previous session.

As the balloting was about to begin was felt that one of two conditions would be shown, either that the enthusiastic element would dominate and would swing delegations into line with one accord. or else that a condition would be shown which would make a protracted deadlock inevitable.

The Bryan Forces.

The Bryan forces were making the mos of the phenomenal rise of the young orator from Nebraska yesterday. The adjournment early this morning had given the leaders of other candidates an opportunity to rally their forces, and it served also to give a few hours in which cool counsel could prevail against the wave of sentiment, which was at high tide last night. But the convention hall continued to be full of Bryan rumors. The Nebraska man had given by his presence on the platform that magnetic touch which had thus far been lacking.

His personality is an engaging one to those who come here fired with the sentiment that silver is the watchword of the plain people. One of the orators had referred to him as Tiberius Gracchus, the tribune of the people; another had styled him the "Cicero fit to meet the Cataline" of today; another had seen in him "the American Cromwell," ready to grapple with the royal power of wealth.

Mr. Bryan had femained away from the convention hall after concluding his speech. He had received bulletins detailing the progress of the movement in his behalf. He conferred last night and early today with the leaders in charge of his interests, and advised them on the steps to be taken. It had been his judgment that his name should not be formally presented through a nominating speech, but should await such developments as the balloting might bring.

What Bland Men Say. The Bland managers, while admitting the danger of the impetuous Bryan move declared that it was the result of adroit generalship, and that it had failed in its purpose to carry the convention off its feet. They still held their strongholds of Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois and Texas, and were smilingly confident that the actual figures of the ballot would take from the Bryan movement its element of popular enthusiasm. The Bland men still counted on the west and were hopeful of winning accessions from the south after the first bal-

The Boies and Matthews forces were satsfied that no nomination could be made on the early ballots and that Bland and Bryan would disappear after their full strength had been registered and had been found insufficient to nominate. The lesser candidates were playing a waiting game, believing that the time would come when the convention would in desperation turn from its first favorites and seek others on whom strength could be concentrated.

Great interest centered in the course of the New York and other gold delegations. Their conferences had failed to bring about a determination to bolt, except in a few individual instances, but the purpose on the part of New York to refrain from taking part in the ballot had an ominous suggestiveness.

Should the presidential nomination be made today, the convention will doubtless conclude its labors tonight by hurrying through the nomination of the Vice President. There is but little hope among the leaders, however, that the full ticket can be perfected today.

THE DUEL IS OFF.

Gen. Bradley Johnson and Capt. Ampodia Settle Their Trouble. The proposed duel between Gen. Bradley T. Johnson and Scnor Manuel Ampodia will not take place, as friends of the former have interfered and dissuaded the

general from accepting the challenge, on the ground that it was irregular. Semi-official influence has also interfered to prevent Ampodia from sending his seconds to General Johnson. Farmers Seized the Road. NILES. Mich., July 10 .- Workmen have been engaged in repairing the St. Joseph Valley railroad and putting it in running

order, against the wishes of property owners. The latter, heavily armed, drove the workmen away and began tearing up the rails and leveling the roadbed. The farmers retained possession, and the railroad company's workmen feared to approach them. Several miles of road were destroy ed. The railroad company is powerless, but will endeavor to regain possession and

mplete the road. Illinois' Rally at Foundry. The rally of the Illinois state delegation at Foundry Church tomorrow evening is to be made as informal as possible, with the view of having the occasion one of social

enjoyment. The president of the state union, Rev. O. W. Stewart of Mackinaw. will preside, and will make a response to the speech of welcome, which W. H. Kerr, the president of Epworth League of the church, is expected to make. There will be short talks from the officers of the union, Vice President Troxell, Secretary Anna E. Felt and Judge W. S. Dewey, the treasurer, and perhaps others. Then the audience will adjourn to the Sunday school, where a social time will be enjoyed.

Claim Damages. David Moore and others have, through Attorneys A. S. Worthington and W. L.

Cole, filed a suit against Mrs. Annie F. Barbour, claiming \$15,000 damages for the alleged loss of mesne profits on part of sub-lot 2, square 461, and certain land on Lincoln avenue, known as Prospect Hill, for-merly owned by David Moore. Will Filed. The will of the late Sidney W. Dowd.

dated the 14th of last month, and filed yesterday, directs that his money shall be equally divided between Claretta M. Rooney and Estelle B. Vialle, the latter to have the residue of the personal estate.

FINANCE AND TRADE

leared early this morning for the balloting. Not Enough Confidence to Sustain an Advance.

> Wall Street on Tiptoe Looking Chicagoward.

THE GOLD BOLT STIFFENS PRICES

VERY LITTLE BUSINESS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, July 10.-Opening prices this morning reflected advances varying from 1/4 to 1 per cent, but failed to inspire the confidence necessary to perpetuate the improvement. London cables indicated a more hopeful tone at that center, but brought no important commissions to this side. The speech of the Prince of Wales at last night's banquet has inspired renewed confidence in a closer welding of the two great English-speaking races. The utterances on this occasion were generally regarded as forshadowing an amicable settlement of the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

The adoption of a populistic platform at yesterday's session of the Chicago conven tion has already added impetus to the gold movement. Within a few hours an influential newspaper and many individuals identified with the dignified principles of the party now in convention have declared their allegiance to the cause of the opposition. Constant deflections to the party declaring for the perpetuation of the present standard of value are to be expected

throughout the campaign. A general denunciation of what is and th substitution of dangerous experiments for the future can scarcely be relied upon to establish an attractive platform for in-telligent voters. The triumph of sound money will be the triumph of intelligence. The issue is clearly defined, and the result should never be in doubt after the final adjournment of the silver convention in Chi-cago. The ergagement of \$500,000 gold for export by tomorrow's steamers was the least desirable of the day's events, particularly as a disposition to hoard the metal is already reported at home.

The foreign exchange rates do not justify

an outward movement of coin at this time but conditions are a trifle more favorable to an ordinary market. On this account the conservative element in speculation is not disposed to assume large risks for the present. The market is, therefore, likely to drift along at the will of the professional trader, without material change in either The result of the fall elections will be

clearly reflected in advance of the actual counting of the votes, and for this reason the next important movement is likely to be inaugurated when least expected.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents, Messra Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway.

Open, High, Low, Close chesapeake & Ohio.... 14% 14% 14 Del. Lack. & W.

Del. Lack. & W.

Delaware & Hudson ... 1245, 125 1345,

Den. & R. Grande, Pfd.

Dis. & Cattle Feeding .. 1834, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344, 1344 18% 13¾ 26¼ General Electric..... Illinois Central..... Lake Shore.... 147 147 146% 48% 20½ 21¾ 85 Northern Pacific, Pid. 16 Northern Pacific, Pid. 16 North American 13X 16 15% 1c% 13% 29 13% 18% 18% 18% 29% 29 22% 18% 18% 18% Ont. 2 Western 15%
Pacific Mail 29
Phila & Reading 18%
Pullman Pal. Car Co.
Southern Railway, Prd. 95
Phila Traction 67%
Texas Pacific 7
Tenn. Ocal & Iron 20%
Union Pacific 20%
Wabash 24% 67% 20% Wabash.
Wabash. Pfd...
Wheeling & L. Erie...
Wheeling & L. Erie, Pfd
Western Union Tel.... 16% 8% 16% 16%

Washington Stock Exchange.

The board will adjourn over Saturdays during July, August and September.
Government Bonda.-U. S. 4s, registered, 108 bid, 169 asked. U. S. 4s, coupon, 1089 bid. U. S. 4s, 1925, 116% bid, 117 asked. U. S. 5s, 112% bid.
District of Columbia Bonds.-20-year Fund. 5s, 104 bid. 30-year Fund. gold 6s, 110 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1901, 119 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1903, 110 bid. Fund. currency 3.65s, 108 bid.
Miscellanceus Bonds. Metrocellian Ballerian

rency 7s, 1908, 110 bid. Fund. currency 3.65s, 10s bid.

Miscelianeous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad conv. 6s, 115 bid, 122 asked. Belt Railroad 5s, 80 asked. Eckington Railroad 6s, 100 asked. Columbia Railroad 6s, 113 asked. Washington Gas Company, ser. A. 6s, 111 bid. Washington Gas Company, ser. A. 6s, 112 bid. Washington Gas Company, ser. B. 6s, 112 bid. Washington Gas Company conv. 6s, 200 bid. Chesapeake and oftomac Telephone 5s, 100 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F. and A., 190 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, A. and O., 100 bid. Washington Market company imp. 6s, 109 bid. Washington Market company exten. 6s, 109 bid. Washington Market Company crem. 6s, 109 bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 106 bid. Washington Light Infantry 1st 6s, 90 bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 270 bid. Bank of Republic, 240 bid. Metropolitan, 290 bid, 300 asked. Central, 270 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 180 bid. Second, 128 bid, 138 asked. Citizens', 120 bid. Columbia, 125 bid. Traders', 96 bid. Lincoln, 97 bid, 107 asked. Ohlo, 85 bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe

Traders', 96 bid. Lincoln, 97 bid, 107 asked. Ohio, 85 bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 110 bid, 118 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 122 asked. American Security and Trust, 140 bid, 145 asked. American Security and Trust, 140 bid, 145 asked.

Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction Company, 63 bid, 66 asked. Metropolitan, 105 bid. Columbia, 55 bid. Belt, 35 asked. Eckington, 15 bid, 35 asked. Georgetown and Tennallytown, 5 bid, 30 asked.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 44 bid, 46½ asked. Georgetown Gas, 88 bid. Unictl States Electric Light, 102 bid, 708 asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Fremen's, 32 bid. Franklin, 38 bid. Metropolitan, 76 bid. Corcoran, 50 bid. Potomac, 65 bid. Arlington, 130 bid. German American, 160 bid. National Union, 9 bid, 14 asked. Columbia, 10 bid, 14 asked. Riggs, 7% bid. People's, 5½ bid. Lincoln, 7½ bid, 8½ asked. Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Extate Title, 100 bid, 110 asked. Columbia Title, 5 bid, 6 asked. District Title, 6 bid.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 28 bid. Chesapeake and Potomac, 60 bid, 65 asked. American Graphophone, pfd., 11 asked. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 15 bid, 28 asked.

Miscelianeous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 118 bid, 12 asked. Lanston Monotype, 5 bid, 7 asked.

Grain and Cotton Markets. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., 1421 F street, members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. Ladenburg, Thai-mann & Co., New York.

15 bid, 26 asked.

Miscelianeous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 118 bid, 121 asked Lanston Monotype, 5 bid, 7 asked.

Washington Market, 12 bid, 15½ asked. Great Falls \$ce, 120 bid, 130 asked. Lincoln Hall, 90

High. 56% 58% 26% 27% 15% 6.66 7.42 3.67 4.07 3.57 3.75 Low. 55½ 57½ 26% 26%-7 15½ 6.50 7.35 8.57 4.00 3.50 3.72 Wheat-Sept. Low. 7.11 6.56 6.55 6.52 7.11 6.56 6.35 6.52 The town of Kobrin, Russia, has been burned. Three hundred houses were de burned. Three hundred houses were de-stroyed, and two thousand people are DEATH OF PRANK HURD.

The Fererunner of Low Tariff Legis-TOLEDO, Ohio, July 10 .- Frank Hurd died a few minutes before 9 o'clock this morning. His death was caused by several strokes of apoplexy, the first occurring at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was followed by others in rapid succession. Ten days ago he was taken with a slight case of dysentery, which made it necessary for him to remain in his room. It was not considered dangerous, however, and he gained rapidly from the effects of the attack. The city is in mourning over the sudden death of its most prominent citizen.

Mr. Hurd's death occurred at his room, in the Boody House. There were present Mr. and Mrs. Robert Clark and Mr. Henry Curtis of Mt. Vernon and four physicians of this city. Mrs. Clark is a sister of Mr. Curtis of Mt. Vernon and four physicians of this city. Mrs. Clark is a sister of Mr. Hurd. The only ether surviving relative is Mrs. John Delano, granddaughter of Mr. Columbus Delano of Mt. Vernon. Mr. Hurd was unconscious for several hours prior to his death.

The funeral takes place tomorrow at St. Francis de Sales Church, after which a special train will carry the body to Mt. Vernon, where service will be held and the remains interred.

remains interred.

Mr. Hurd was fifty-five years old. Born at Mt. Vernon, Ohio. He graduated at Kenyon in 1858, read law and began practice in 1869. In 1863 he was chosen county attorney; in 1896, state senator, and in 1874, Congressman. He was beaten for re-election, but was elected in 1878 and defeat-ed in 1880; elected in 1882 and defeated in 1886. He was a fervent low tariff advocate, and achieved prominence in Congress on that issue. In 1868 be codified the criminal laws of Ohlo.

STILL PROMISING.

Fair and Slightly Warmer to Indi-Forecast till 8 p.m. Saturday.-For Delaware and Maryland, fair weather Saturday, preceded by light showers this afternoon and tonight; probably fair Sunday and Monday; southerly winds.

For the District of Columbia, somewhat cloudy and threatening weather, probably with light showers this afternoon and tonight, will be followed by fair and slightly warmer weather Saturday, which will probably continue for several days; winds becoming southerly

Weather conditions and general forecast; The storm has passed northerly across the lake regions into Canada.

An extensive area of high pressure has developed on the Atlantic coast, and a de-pression has appeared in the Saskatchewan Valley.

The weather is generally clear in New The weather is generally then in the Ohlo and Mississippi valleys and the southwest.*
There is some cloudiness in the middle and south Atlantic states, and the upper lake region. Scattered showers have fallen in the Atlantic states, the lake regions and

the southwest. The temperature has risen slightly in the central valleys and the south Atlantic

The conditions are favorable for settled weather and a hot spell of considerable duration throughout the eastern and central districts. Showery conditions are indicated for the southwest The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: During the past twenty-four hours—Concordia, 1.02; Dodge City, 1.02; St. George's, S. C., 1.90.

BOTH OFFICERS REBUKED.

Sequel of an Interesting Naval Scandal at the New York Yard. Secretary Herbert today made public his action upon the proceedings of the court of inquiry recently held at the New York navy yard for the purpose of investigating the manner of installing the gunmounts of the monitor Puritan. The court found a bad state of affairs in the navy yard. growing out of the fact that Constructor Bowles and the ordnance inspector, Com-56% 57% mander Sperry, had quarrened 55% 57% stallation of the mounts, and had made it stallation of the mounts, and had made it stallation of the mounts a bitter personal question, resulting in the mountain for delay of the work upon the monitor for months, great expense to the government and injury to the service. The court found that the constructor was not subject to the charge made by the inspector that he had neglected his duty or shown lack of honesty in conducting the work, and Secretary Herbert adds that Commander Sper-ry was not justified in making the charge at all. He expresses reprobation of Sper-ry's conduct in the matter, and administers a sharp rebuke to both officers in delaying work in hand and scandalizing the service through their willfulness and obstinacy. To prevent a further conflict between Secretary Herbert has ordered Commander Sperry to assume the duties of equipment officer at the New York navy yard. His place as inspector of ordnance will be taken by Commander J. J. Hunker, the present

quipment officer there. RUSH OF VISITORS.

White House to Be Kept Open From 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. The rush of visitors at the White House

has become so great that it has been decided to keep the mansion open to the public from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. during the remainder of the convention. The usual open hours are from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. Yesterday 7,138 persons passed through the house, and it is certain that this number will be exceeded today, as there had been over 5,000 visitors up to 12 o'clock.

THE MARINE BAND ORDERED. It Will Play at the Patriotic C. E. Exercises Tomorrow.

The Secretary of the Navy has authorized the Marine Band to play at the patriotic exercises of the Christian Endeavor at the east front of the Capitol tomorrow afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. Consequently there will be no concert at the President's grounds tomorrow afternoon.

CUPID AND RHEUMATISM.

The Vanderbilt-Wilson Wedding Set for Next Week. NEW YORK, July 10 .- The oft-deferred

wedding of Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., and Miss Grace Wilson, will now, it is stated. on good authority, occur next Tuesday at the Wilson cottage, Oyster Bay, L. I. Young Mr. Vanderbilt is still confine the house with inflammatory rheumatism, this week's bad weather having worked against his convalescence. The marriage ate is contingent on his recovery.

State Encampment Detail. Capt. Hobart K. Bailey, 5th Infantry, has been detailed to attend the encampments of the Cavalry Squadron, and the 1st Battalion of Colored Infantry, Alabama state troops, to be held, respectively, at Mont-gomery and Mobile during the present

One Escaped.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 10 .- Four laorers were buried by the caving in of a trench in Karsas City, Kan., last night, Two, Frank Scantline and Donnie Holton, were killed. Charles Jacobson was fatally hurt and J. W. Callahan escaped practically uninjured.

To Adjust Their Differences CHICAGO, July 10 .- A conference has een arranged between the special committees of the city council and the Chicago Underwriters' Association over the 2 per cent tax ordinance for the benefit of the fire department and the 5 per cent ad-vance in rates by the local board of underwriters in retaliation.

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 10.—Flour dull, unchanged—receipts, 5,044 barrels; shipments, 13,444 barrels; sales, 125 barrels. Wheat dull and easy—spot and month, 59% a59%; August, 59% a00; September, 60a09%; steamer No. 2 red, 57% a57%—receipts, 57,701 bushels; exports, none; stock, 276, 900 bushels; sales, 57,000 bushels—southern wheat by sample, 57a62; do. on grade, 55% a61%. Corn dull—spot, 31% a32; month, 31% a31%; August, 31a, 31% a51%; September, 31%, bid; steamer mixed, 30% a50%—receipta, 98.545 bushels; exports, none; stock, 257,521 bushels; sales, 1,000 bushels—southern white corn, 33a33%; do. yellow, 34. O47s steady—No. 2 white western, 22% a2%; No. 2 mixed, 20%—receipts, 77,582 bushels; exports, 100,000 bushels; stock, 457,063 bushels. Rye steady—No. 2, 34 asked nearby; 35 western—receipts, 165 bushels; stock, 16,367 bushels. Hey steady—chalce timothy, \$16a516.50. Grain freights steady, unchanged. Butter quiet, unchanged. Sugar steady, unchanged. Cheese firm, unchanged. Whysky unchanged.